

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate
CAS No	: 7758-99-8
Product code	: LC13405
Formula	: CuSO <sub>4</sub> .5H <sub>2</sub> O
Synonyms	: blue copper / blue copperras / blue stone / blue viking / blue vitriol / chalcantite / chalcantithe, natural / copper sulfate, pentahydrate / copper sulphate, pentahydrate / copper vitriol / copper(2+) sulfate, pentahydrate / couperose bleue / CSP (=copper(II)sulfate, pentahydrate) / cupric sulfate, pentahydrate / Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. / phyto-bordeaux (=copper(II)sulfate, pentahydrate) / phyton-27 (=copper(II)sulfate, pentahydrate) / roman vitriol (=copper(II)sulfate, pentahydrate) / sulfacop / sulfuric acid, copper(2+) salt (1:1), pentahydrate / sulfuric acid, copper(II)salt, pentahydrate / triangle(=copper(II)sulfate, pentahydrate) / vencedor
BIG no	: 16466

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: For laboratory and manufacturing use only.
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#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc  
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court  
16063 Zelienople, PA - USA  
T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647  
[info@labchem.com](mailto:info@labchem.com) - [www.labchem.com](http://www.labchem.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887
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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

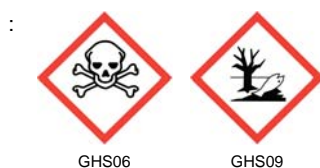
##### GHS-US classification

Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Aquatic Acute 1	H400
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS06

GHS09

Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H301 - Toxic if swallowed H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P273 - Avoid release to the environment P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician P330 - If swallowed, rinse mouth P391 - Collect spillage P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: None.
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#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

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### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7758-99-8	100	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service. Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash immediately with lots of water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Call Poison Information Centre ( <a href="http://www.big.be/antigif.htm">www.big.be/antigif.htm</a> ). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: AFTER INHALATION OF DUST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. ON HEATING: Metal fume fever.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Tingling/irritation of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Metal taste. Irritation of the oral mucous membranes. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Dizziness. Feeling of weakness. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine composition. Disturbances of consciousness.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Coughing. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of pneumonia. Enlargement/affection of the liver.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: Adapt extinguishing media to the environment. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: No unsuitable extinguishing media known. Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Explosion hazard	: DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. No data available on direct explosion hazard. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. No data available on indirect explosion hazard.
Reactivity	: Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals. On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metallic fumes. Reacts exothermically with (some) compounds: (increased) risk of fire. Reacts violently with (strong) reducers.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire	: Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.
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Firefighting instructions	: Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Avoid (reject) firefighting water to enter environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Dust cloud production: dust-tight suit.
Emergency procedures	: Mark the danger area. Prevent dust cloud formation. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
Measures in case of dust release	: In case of dust production: keep upwind. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray.
Methods for cleaning up	: Prevent dispersion by covering with dry sand/earth. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling. On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Minimize generation of dust. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe strict hygiene. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.
Heat and ignition sources	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: reducing agents. (strong) bases. water/moisture.
Storage area	: Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Meet the legal requirements. Keep out of direct sunlight.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical. watertight. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: No data available. MATERIAL TO AVOID: No data available.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
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Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. PVC. viton.
Hand protection	: Gloves. Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Face shield. In case of dust production: protective goggles.
Skin and body protection	: Protective clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection. In case of dust production: dustproof clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Dust production: dust mask with filter type P2. Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3. Wear appropriate mask.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Crystalline solid. Crystalline powder.
Molecular mass	: 249.68 g/mol
Colour	: Blue.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 4.0 (3.2 %)
pH solution	: 3.2 %
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: Not applicable
Flash point	: Not applicable
Self ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: > 110 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 2.3
Density	: 2286 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in glycerol. Water: 23 g/100ml Ethanol: 16 g/100ml (18 °C)
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

VOC content	: Not applicable
Other properties	: Hygroscopic. Substance has acid reaction.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals. On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metallic fumes. Reacts exothermically with (some) compounds: (increased) risk of fire. Reacts violently with (strong) reducers.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic. Not established.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Sulfur compounds.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Toxic if swallowed.

Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate ( f )7758-99-8	
LD50 oral rat	300 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 4.0 (3.2 %)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: 4.0 (3.2 %)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classifiedBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classifiedBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classifiedBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Not classifiedBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Toxic if swallowed.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: AFTER INHALATION OF DUST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. ON HEATING: Metal fume fever.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Tingling/irritation of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Metal taste. Irritation of the oral mucous membranes. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Dizziness. Feeling of weakness. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine composition. Disturbances of consciousness.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Coughing. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of pneumonia. Enlargement/affection of the liver.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Dangerous for the environment.
Ecology - air	: TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.2/III.
Ecology - water	: Water pollutant (surface water). Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 2.0 mg/l (copper) (Directive 98/83/EC); 250 mg/l (sulfate) (Directive 98/83/EC). Highly toxic to fishes. Very toxic to invertebrates (Daphnia). Highly toxic to algae. pH shift.

Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)	
LC50 fishes 1	1.5 mg/l (24 h; Lepomis macrochirus; TOXICITY TEST)
LC50 fish 2	0.17 mg/l 24 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
TLM fish 1	3.8 ppm (24 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Fresh water)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable. Not established.

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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)

Ecology - soil	Toxic to flora.
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### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Recycle/reuse. Do not discharge into the sewer. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.

Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 05. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

### 14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : 3077  
DOT NA no. UN3077

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.  
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles



Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

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- DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 8 - A hazardous substance that is not a hazardous waste may be shipped under the shipping description "Other regulated substances, liquid or solid, n.o.s.", as appropriate. In addition, for solid materials, special provision B54 applies.  
146 - This description may be used for a material that poses a hazard to the environment but does not meet the definition for a hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, as defined in 171.8 of this subchapter, or any hazard class as defined in Part 173 of this subchapter, if it is designated as environmentally hazardous by the Competent Authority of the country of origin, transit or destination.  
335 - Mixtures of solids that are not subject to this subchapter and environmentally hazardous liquids or solids may be classified as "Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.," UN3077 and may be transported under this entry, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the material is loaded or at the time the packaging or transport unit is closed. Each transport unit must be leakproof when used as bulk packaging.  
A112 - Notwithstanding the quantity limits shown in Column (9A) and (9B) for this entry, the following IBCs are authorized for transportation aboard passenger and cargo-only aircraft. Each IBC may not exceed a maximum net quantity of 1,000 kg:  
a. Metal: 11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N  
b. Rigid plastics: 11H1, 11H2, 21H1 and 21H2  
c. Composite with plastic inner receptacle: 11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1 and 21HZ2  
d. Fiberboard: 11G  
e. Wooden: 11C, 11D and 11F (with inner liners)  
f. Flexible: 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 and 13M2 (flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water resistant liner).  
B54 - Open-top, sift-proof rail cars are also authorized.  
IB8 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2).  
N20 - A 5M1 multi-wall paper bag is authorized if transported in a closed transport vehicle.  
T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)  
TP33 - The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness, maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.
- DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 155  
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 213  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 240  
Marine pollutant : P



### 14.3. Additional information

- Other information : No supplementary information available.  
State during transport (ADR-RID) : as solid.

### Overland transport

- Packing group (ADR) : III  
Class (ADR) : 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles  
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 90  
Classification code (ADR) : M7  
Danger labels (ADR) : 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles



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Orange plates :



Tunnel restriction code : E

### Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

EmS-No. (1) : F-A

EmS-No. (2) : S-F

### Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : No limit

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : No limit

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	10 lb
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
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### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302

Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Aquatic Acute 1 H400

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Xn; R22

Xi; R36/38

N; R50/53

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate (7758-99-8)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

### 15.3. US State regulations

#### Copper (II) Sulfate, Pentahydrate(7758-99-8)

State or local regulations	U.S. - California - Priority Toxic Pollutants - Freshwater Criteria U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
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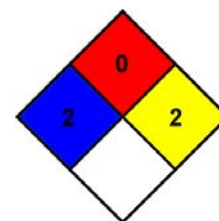
### SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revision - See : \*.  
Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.  
NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.  
NFPA reactivity : 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.



### HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur  
Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard  
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard  
Personal Protection : C

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and LabChem Inc assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.*